EYFS Characteristics of effective learning				Early Learning Goals			
Show curiosity about objects, events and people Question why things happen Engage in open-ended activity Think of ideas Find ways to solve problems / find new ways to do things / test their ideas Use senses to explore the world around them Create simple representations of events, people and objects Planning, making decisions about how to approach a task, solve a problem and reach a goal Checking how well their activities are going Changing strategy as needed Reviewing how well the approach worked			Choose the resources they need for their chosen activities Handle equipment and tools effectively Children know the importance for good health of a healthy diet They safely use and explore a variety of materials, tools and techniques, experimenting with colour, design, texture, form and function. Children use what they have learnt about media and materials in original ways, thinking about uses and purposes. They represent their own ideas, thoughts and feelings through design and technology				
	Aims	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
	Curriculum objectives:	Milestone 1 objectives:  • Explore objects and designs to identify likes and dislikes of the designs.		Milestone 2 objectives:  • Identify some of the great designers in all of the areas of study (including pioneers in horticultural techniques) to generate ideas for designs.		Milestone 3 objectives:  • Combine elements of design from a range of inspirational designers throughout history, giving reasons for choices.	
Take Inspiration from Design Throughout History	Key stage 1 explore and evaluate a range of existing products Key stage 2 understand how key events and individuals in design and technology have helped shape the world	I know what a designer does.  I give my opinion on a product.	I know the names and the products of some British designers.  I can say what I like and dislike about the product and the designer.	I know some designers from history.  I can talk about some of the tools, techniques used by the designer.	I know some international designers.  I can explain why a product is appealing.	I can compare and contrast the work of different designers.  I can give reasons for the decisions made by the designer.	I know how key events and individuals have influenced the world (in terms of products).  I start to think of new products and innovate my own ideas

	Aims	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
	Curriculum objectives:	<ul> <li>Suggest improvements to existing designs.</li> <li>Explore how products have been created.</li> </ul>		Milestone objectives:  • Improve upon existing designs, giving reasons for choices.  • Disassemble products to understand how they work.		Milestones objectives:  Create innovative designs that improve upon existing products.  Evaluate the design of products so as to suggest improvements to the user experience.	
Evaluating existing products	EYFS Expressive Arts and Design Exploring and using media and materials Being imaginative  Key stage 1 explore and evaluate a range of existing products  Key stage 2 investigate and analyse a range of existing products	I know what a product is.  I can say what a product is for.  I can describe a product (who is it for, what is made from, how is it made, how it works).	I know the features of familiar products  I can give reasons for some features (colour, choice, material used and joining technique).	I can start to research and evaluate existing products  I understand that products are designed for a purpose (e.g. a problem, an audience, an event.	I can research and evaluate existing products to inform me in my own planning.  I understand that products are designed for a purpose (e.g. a problem, an audience, an event).	I can research and evaluate existing products giving reasons for the decisions of the designers (materials, design, tools, techniques).  I can use the ideas from current designers to help me with my own.	I can research and evaluate existing products giving reasons for the decisions of the designers (materials, design, tools, techniques).  I can adapt the ideas from current designers to help me with my own.

	Aims	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
	Curriculum objectives:	Milestone 1 objectives:  Design products that have a clear purpose and an intended user.  • Make products, refining the design as work progresses.  • Use software to design.		Milestone 2 objectives:  Design with purpose by identifying opportunities to design.  Make products by working efficiently (such as by carefully selecting materials).  Refine work and techniques as work progresses, continually evaluating the product design.  Use software to design and represent product designs.		Milestones 3 objectives: Design with the user in mind, motivated by the service a product will offer (rather than simply for profit). Make products through stages of prototypes, making continual refinements. Ensure products have a high quality finish, using art skills where appropriate. Use prototypes, cross-sectional diagrams and computer aided designs to represent designs.	
Designing	key stage 1 design purposeful, functional, appealing products for themselves and other users based on design criteria ♣ generate, develop, model and communicate their ideas through talking, drawing, templates, mock-ups and, where appropriate, information and communication technology  Key Stage 2  use research and develop design criteria to inform the design of innovative, functional, appealing products that are fit for purpose, aimed at particular individuals or groups generate, develop, model and communicate their ideas through discussion, annotated sketches, cross- sectional and exploded diagrams, prototypes, pattern pieces and computer- aided design	I can think of ideas and with help can put them into practice.  I know what a design is.  I can use pictures and words to describe what I want to do.	I can think of ideas and with help can put them into practice.  I know what a design is and its purpose.  I can use pictures and words to describe what I want to do (materials, techniques, features, mechanics and tools).	I can think of ideas and plan what to do next, based on what I know about materials and components.  I can select tools, techniques and materials.  I can explain my choices giving reasons	I can think of ideas and plan what to do next, based on what I know about materials and components.  I can select the appropriate tools, techniques and materials explaining my choices.  I can communicate my ideas using labelled sketches giving reasons for my choices.  I can produce step by step plans.	I can use my knowledge of design, designers and further research to help influence my own design.  I can create models to show aspects of my design.  I can produce step by step plans.  I can come up with solutions to problems as they happen.	I can use my knowledge of design designers and further research to help influence my own design.  I can create models or prototypes to show aspects of my design.  I can produce step by step plans.  I can use computer aided design.  I can come up with solutions to problems as they happen.

# from Quigley Essentials) Technical knowledge Making

### Key Stage 1 Food:

use the basic principles of a healthy and varied diet to prepare dishes & understand where food comes from.

## Key Stage 2 Food:

understand and apply the principles of a healthy and varied diet prepare and cook a variety of predominantly savoury dishes using a range of cooking techniques understand seasonality, and know where and how a variety of ingredients are grown, reared, caught and processed.

### FOOD

- Cut, peel or grate ingredients safely and hygienically.
- Measure or weigh using measuring cups or electronic scales.
- Assemble or cook ingredients.



### Yr 1 and 2 Food Vocab

fruit and vegetable names, names of equipment and utensils sensory vocabulary e.g. soft, juicy, crunchy, sweet, sticky, smooth, sharp, crisp, sour, hard flesh, skin, seed, pip, core, slicing, peeling, cutting, squeezing, healthy diet, choosing, ingredients

### FOOD

- Prepare ingredients hygienically using appropriate utensils.
- Measure ingredients to the nearest gram accurately.
- Follow a recipe.
- Assemble or cook ingredients (controlling the temperature of the oven or hob, if cooking).



### Yr 3 and 4 Food Vocab

name of products, names of equipment, utensils, techniques and ingredients texture, taste, sweet, sour, hot, spicy, appearance, smell, preference, greasy, moist, cook, fresh, savoury, hygienic, edible, grown, reared, caught, frozen, tinned, processed, seasonality, harvested healthy/varied diet

### FOOD

- Understand the importance of correct storage and handling of ingredients (using knowledge of microorganisms).
- Measure accurately and calculate ratios of ingredients to scale up or down from a recipe.
- Demonstrate a range of baking and cooking techniques.
- Create and refine recipes, including ingredients, methods, cooking times and temperatures.



### Yr 5 and 6 Food Vocab

ingredients, yeast, dough, bran, flour, wholemeal, unleavened, baking soda, spice, herbs fat, sugar, carbohydrate, protein, vitamins, nutrients, nutrition, healthy, varied, gluten, dairy, allergy, intolerance, savoury, source, seasonality utensils, combine, fold, knead, stir, pour, mix, rubbing in, whisk, beat, roll out, shape, sprinkle, crumble

## Key Stage 1 Make:

select from and use a range of tools and equipment to perform practical tasks [for example, cutting, shaping, joining and finishing] select from and use a wide range of materials and components, including construction materials, textiles and ingredients, according to their characteristics

### **MATERIALS**

- Cut materials safely using tools provided.
- Measure and mark out to the nearest centimetre.
- Demonstrate a range of cutting and shaping techniques (such as tearing, cutting, folding and curling).

### **MATERIALS**

- Cut materials accurately and safely by selecting appropriate tools.
- Measure and mark out to the nearest millimetre.
- Apply appropriate cutting and shaping techniques that include cuts within the perimeter of the material

### **MATERIALS**

- Cut materials with precision and refine the finish with appropriate tools (such as sanding wood after cutting or a more precise scissor cut after roughly cutting out a shape).
- Show an understanding of the qualities of materials to choose appropriate tools to cut and shape

### Technical • Demonstrate a range of joining (such as slots or cut outs). (such as the nature of fabric may knowledge: techniques (such as gluing, hinges or require sharper scissors than would build structures, combining materials to strengthen) be used to cut paper). Select appropriate joining exploring how they can be made stronger, techniques. stiffer and more stable explore and use mechanisms [for example, levers, sliders, **TEXTILES TEXTILES TEXTILES** wheels and axles), in their products. • Shape textiles using templates. Understand the need for a seam Create objects (such as a cushion) Key Stage 2 Make that employ a seam allowance. allowance. select from and use • Join textiles using running stitch. a wider range of • Join textiles with appropriate • Join textiles with a combination of tools and equipment to stitching. stitching techniques (such as back Colour and decorate textiles using a perform practical stitch for seams and running stitch to number of techniques (such as dyeing, tasks [for example. attach decoration). adding sequins or printing). • Select the most appropriate cutting, shaping, • Use the qualities of materials to techniques to decorate textiles. joining and finishing], create suitable visual and tactile accurately effects in the decoration of textiles select from and use (such as a soft decoration for comfort a wider range of on a cushion). materials and components, Yr 1 and 2 textiles vocabulary: includina ioining and finishing techniques, tools, fabrics Yr 3 and 4 textiles vocabulary: construction fabric, names of fabrics, fastening, and components, template, pattern pieces, materials, textiles compartment, zip, button, structure, and inaredients. mark out, join, decorate, finish according to their finishing technique, strength, weakness, functional stiffening, templates, stitch, seam, seam Yr 5 and 6 textiles vocabulary: properties and allowance aesthetic qualities seam, seam allowance, wadding, Technical reinforce, right side, wrong side, hem, knowledge: template, pattern pieces, name of textiles apply their and fastenings used, pins, needles, thread, understanding of pinking shears, fastenings how to strenathen. stiffen and reinforce more complex structures understand and use

mechanical systems in their products [for example, gears, pulleys, cams, levers and linkages] understand and use electrical systems in

their products [for example, series

incorporating

circuits

# **ELECTRICALS AND ELECTRONICS**

• Create series and parallel circuits

# ELECTRICALS AND ELECTRONICS

• Create circuits using electronics kits that employ a number of components (such as LEDs, resistors, transistors and

switches, bulbs, buzzers and motors] apply their understanding of computing to program, monitor and control their products.		Yr 3 and 4 electronics vocab: series circuit, fault, connection, toggle switch, push-to-make switch, push-to- break switch, battery, battery holder, bulb, bulb holder, wire, insulator, conductor, crocodile clip, control, program, system, input device, output device	chips).  Yr 5 and 6 electronics: reed switch, toggle switch, push-to-make switch, push-to-break switch, light dependent resistor (LDR), tilt switch, light emitting diode (LED), bulb, bulb holder, battery, battery holder, USB cable, wire, insulator, conductor, crocodile clip control, program, system, input device, output device, series circuit, parallel circuit	
	COMPUTING  • Model designs using software.  Computer Aided design	COMPUTING  • Control and monitor models using software designed for this purpose.  Computer Aided design.	COMPUTING     Write code to control and monitor models or products.  Computer Aided. design.	
	CONSTRUCTION  • Use materials to practise drilling, screwing, gluing and nailing materials to make and strengthen products.  Yr 1 and 2 Structures vocab: cut, fold, join, fix structure, wall, tower, framework, weak, strong, base, top, underneath, side, edge, surface, thinner, thicker, corner, point, straight, curved, metal, wood, plastic circle, triangle, square, rectangle, cuboid, cube, cylinder, shell structure	<ul> <li>CONSTRUCTION</li> <li>Choose suitable techniques to construct products or to repair items.</li> <li>Strengthen materials using suitable techniques.</li> <li>Yr 3 and 4 structure vocab: shell structure, three-dimensional (3-D) shape, net, cube, cuboid, prism, vertex, edge, face, length, width, breadth, capacity, marking out, scoring, shaping, tabs, adhesives, joining, assemble, accuracy, material, stiff, strong, reduce, reuse, recycle, corrugating, ribbing, laminating, font,</li> </ul>	CONSTRUCTION  • Develop a range of practical skills to create products (such as cutting, drilling and screwing, nailing, gluing, filing and sanding).  Yr 5 and 6 structures vocab: frame structure, stiffen, strengthen, reinforce, triangulation, stability, shape, join, temporary, permanent	

	MECHANICS  • Create products using levers, wheels and winding mechanisms.  Yr 1 and 2 mechanics vocab: slider, lever, pivot, slot, bridge/guide, card, masking tape, paper fastener, join, pull, push, up, down, straight, curve, forwards, backwards, vehicle, wheel, axle, axle holder, chassis, body, cab assembling, cutting, joining, shaping, finishing, fixed, free, moving, mechanism names of tools, equipment and materials used  Aims  Year 1  Year 2		transference of tappropriate me	nowledge of the forces to choose echanisms for a ch as levers, nisms, pulleys and ars).  s vocab: linkage, pivot, slot, m, input, process,	MECHANICS  • Convert rotary motion to linear using cams.  • Use innovative combinations of electronics (or computing) and mechanics in product designs.  Yr 5 and 6 mechanics vocab: pulley, drive belt, gear, rotation, spindle, driver, follower, ratio, transmit, axle, motor, circuit, switch, circuit diagram, annotated drawings, exploded diagrams, mechanical system, electrical system, input, process, output		
Evaluati ng their product	Curriculum objectives:	Milestone 1 objectives: Make products, refining the design as work progresses.		Milestone 2 objectives: Refine work and techni work progresses, conti product design.	iques as	Year 5  Milestones 3 objectives:  • Make products through s making continual refineme • Ensure products have a lart skills where appropriate	nts. nigh quality finish, using

			<u></u>		1	1	
	Key stage 1 evaluate their ideas and products against design criteria  Key Stage 2 evaluate their ideas and products against their own design criteria and consider the views of others to improve their work	I can talk about my own work (features, design, opinion)  I describe how my product works	I talk about my own and others' work (features, design, opinion).  I can explain why I chose certain materials, techniques and tools. I describe how my product works	I talk about my own and others' work (features, design, opinion).  I can explain why I chose certain materials, techniques and tools. I can say what I would do to improve my product.	I can identify what is working well and what can be improved (this is during the make as well as at the end).	I can reflect on my designs and develop them bearing in mind the way they will be used (during the process).	I can reflect on my designs and adapt them based on testing and a prototype.
Vocabulary		planning, investigating design, evaluate, make, user, purpose, ideas, product,	investigating, planning, design, make, evaluate, user, purpose, ideas, design criteria, product, function	user, purpose, design, model, evaluate, prototype, annotated sketch, functional, innovative, investigate, label, drawing, function, planning, design criteria, annotated sketch, appealing	evaluating, design brief design criteria, innovative, prototype, user, purpose, function, prototype, design criteria, innovative, appealing, design brief, planning, annotated sketch, sensory evaluations	design decisions, functionality, authentic, user, purpose, design specification, design brief, innovative, research, evaluate, design criteria, annotate, evaluate, mockup, prototype	function, innovative, design specification, design brief, user, purpose design brief, design specification, prototype, annotated sketch, purpose, user, innovation, research, functional, mock- up, prototype