

Hello Year 2

Here is the learning for the week beginning Monday, 11th May.

This week, we have included all the activities in one document so you can download it as a PDF and have it on the screen without having to access the internet. We hope this will make it easier for you to find the information you need. We've added page numbers too. You will need to access the internet for some of the lessons though.

You should not have to print out any activities unless you can and want to.

Please read the following pages which hopefully will answer any questions you have. If anything is not clear, please get in touch.

Best wishes

Miss Rathbone and Ms Grant.



PS Don't forget to keep posting what you have done on Dojo.

DAILY ACTIVITY CHECKLIST – Tick the box when you have completed the activity

We thought a daily organiser might be helpful for you to check off that you have completed your activities for the day. Try not to leave things out but for some subjects which aren't every day, you might like to swop around the days.

Area of Work	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday
English writing (Y1) link on next page P3	Katie in London	Commit the story to memory	To use capital letters for proper nouns	To begin to write our story	To continue to write our story
English writing (Y2) - link on next page P3	The Firework Maker's Daughter: Make Inferences	The Firework Maker's Daughter: Make Inferences	To identify the key features of a character description	To identify and use expanded noun phrases	Write a character description: the white elephant
English – reading	Reading from <u>Oxford Owl</u> or own reading book. Record in log book. 🗆	Reading from <u>Oxford Owl</u> or own reading book. Record in log book. □	Reading from <u>Oxford Owl</u> or own reading book. Record in log book. □	Reading from <u>Oxford Owl</u> or own reading book. Record in log book. □	Reading from <u>Oxford Owl</u> or own reading book. Record in log book. 🗆
English – phonics	<u>Phonics Play</u> game from your Phase □	<u>Phonics Play</u> game from your Phase □	<u>Phonics Play</u> game from your Phase □	<u>Phonics Play</u> game from your Phase □	<u>Phonics Play</u> game from your Phase □
English – spelling	Learn and practise your daily 5 words □	Learn and practise your daily 5 words □	Learn and practise your daily 5 words □	Learn and practise your daily 5 words □	Learn and practise your daily 5 words □
Extra spelling	Spelling pattern – present tense, double consonant at the end of the base word before adding ing	Spelling pattern – present tense, double consonant at the end of the base word before adding ing	Spelling pattern – present tense, double consonant at the end of the base word before adding ing	Spelling pattern – present tense, double consonant at the end of the base word before adding ing	Spelling pattern – present tense, double consonant at the end of the base word before adding ing
Maths	Summer Term Week 2 Lesson 1 Compare Lengths Daily Fluent in Five Daily times tables practise Number bonds to <u>10, 20</u> or <u>100</u>	Summer Term Week 2 Lesson 2 Order Lengths <u>Daily Fluent in Five</u> <u>Daily times tables</u> <u>practise</u> Number bonds to <u>10, 20</u> or <u>100</u>	Summer Term Week 2 Lesson 3 Four Operations with Length Daily Fluent in Five Daily times tables practise Number bonds to <u>10, 20</u> or <u>100</u>	Summer Term Week 2 Lesson 4 Problem Solving Daily Fluent in Five Daily times tables practise Number bonds to <u>10, 20</u> or <u>100</u>	Summer Term Week 2 Lesson 5 Bitesize Challenge <u>Daily Fluent in Five</u> <u>Daily times tables</u> <u>practise</u> Number bonds to <u>10, 20</u> or <u>100</u>
PE	Joe Wicks work out or another activity □	Joe Wicks work out or another activity □	Joe Wicks work out or another activity □	Joe Wicks work out or another activity □	<u>Joe Wicks work out</u> or another activity □
Science	Which foods are part of a plant?				Which part of a plant do these foods come from?
Other - See planner	You choose and write the subject here □	You choose and write the subject here □	You choose and write the subject here □	You choose and write the subject here □	You choose and write the subject here □

ENGLISH LESSONS FOR 2 Ash and 2 OAK for week commencing Monday, 11th May 2020.

To meet the differing needs of our children, we have included the lessons from both Year 1 and Year 2 this week. Ask us if you are not sure which one you should start on. If your child finds English tricky, they will gain more from working on the blue lessons as this lesson will focus on skills they need to develop and will be more accessible. They can move on to the Year 2 lessons (pink table) if they need more of a challenge.

Oak National Academy -click on the link below the day of the week for each lesson. These are **from Week 2** so you need to access them from Subject – Year 1- English – Lessons or by **clicking the link below**.

Y1						
Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday		
Katie in London	Commit the story to	To use capital letters	To begin to write our	To continue to write		
	memory	for proper nouns	story	our story		
in poly in the indicated	https://www.thenational.academy/y ear-1/english/to-commit-a-story-to- memory-year-1-wk2-2	https://www.thenational.academy/y ear-1/english/to-use-capital-letters- for-proper-nouns-year-1-wk2-3	https://www.thenational.academy/y ear-1/english/to-begin-to-write-our- story-year-1-wk2-4	https://www.thenational.academy/y ear-1/english/to-continue-to-write- our-story-year-1-wk2-5		

Oak National Academy -click on the link below the day of the week for each lesson. These are from **Week 2** so you need to access them from Subject – Year 2- English – Lessons or by **clicking the link below.**

		.						
Y2								
Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday				
The Firework Maker's	The Firework Maker's	To identify the key	To identify and use	To write a character				
Daughter	Daughter	features of a	expanded noun	description about the				
Make Inferences	Make Inferences	character description	phrases	white elephant				
https://www.thenational.academy/y ear-2/english/the-firework-makers- daughter-to-make-inferences-year- 2-wk2-1	https://www.thenational.academy/y ear-2/english/the-firework-makers- daughter-to-make-inferences-year-2- wk2-2		https://www.thenational.academy/y ear-2/english/to-identify-and-use- expanded-noun-phrases-year-2-wk2- 4	https://www.thenational.academy/y ear-2/english/to-write-a-character- description-about-the-white- elephant-year-2-wk2-5				

YEAR 2: 2 Oak and 2 Ash - Week 6 of Home Learning tasks ACTIVITY EXPLANATIONS and DETAILS Week commencing 11/5/20

The following pages contain detailed information about what to do in each task. There are a lot of pages but we are hoping that they contain all the answers to any questions you might have. If not, please get in touch.

Daily Written Task (in home learning book)

Oak academy - details on page 3

Daily phonics (online)

We follow the RWI phonics scheme at school so your child will be very familiar with this way of learning. . Watch this film to explain more

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=sjlPILhk7bQ

This line explains more: <u>https://www.ruthmiskin.com/en/find-out-more/help-during-school-closure/</u>

Phonics Games:

Using the Phonics Play website <u>www.phonicsplay.co.uk</u> (use the log-in details: User Name: **march20** Password: **home)**.

Go to the Children's area. You will need to make sure that you choose the Phase that matches the colour story book that you are reading.

Choose	If you are on	Your phonics teacher is
Phase 1 or 2	Red Ditty books or Red story books	Ms Boulton or Mrs Chidley
Phase 2 or 3	Green or Purple story books	Mrs Lucas
Phase 3	Pink story books	Mrs Minton
Phase 4	Orange story books	Mrs Minton
Phase 5	Yellow story books	Ms Grant
Phase 6	Blue or Grey story books	Miss Rathbone or Mrs Lacey

There are lots of different games – choose a different one each day from your Phase.

Daily spelling task (spelling log books) Adding ing plus common exception words.

- Continue to learn to spell the Year 1 and 2 common exception words, as list of those words are in your diaries or in your home learning pack.
- Learn the spelling pattern: present tense, double consonant at the end of the base word before adding ing clapping, dropping, humming, sitting, stopping, sobbing, beginning.

Daily Reading Task (record this in your reading diary)

Read each day, either a book from home or an ebook on Oxford Owl.

https://www.oxfordowl.co.uk/for-home/find-a-book/library-page/

If you would like to listen to a book, there are free children's books from Audible. This is a lovely way to access books that children might find a little tricky to read themselves. <u>https://stories.audible.com/start-listen</u>

Daily Maths Tasks (recorded in home learning book)

How to access the on-line lessons:

Go onto this website: https://whiterosemaths.com/homelearning/year-2/

Click on year 2 Summer Term week 2 w/c 27th April – There are five lessons – one for each day. If you child is finding the year 2 work too tricky, try them with the year 1 work first. See below.

Every lesson comes with a short video teaching the unit, showing clearly and simply how the children can complete the activity successfully. **Make sure you watch**



this video first. There's a picture of lesson 1 here so you know which one to follow.

Each lesson also includes their version of fluent in five as a daily starter and again there is a video supporting this. You should pause it, have a go at the questions in your blue book, then it goes over the answers in the video for you to mark. There is no need to print off the sheets. The answers can be written directly in blue books.

The videos will help the parents in supporting the children in their learning plus the answers are there too. We would suggest writing the answers in your blue book while you are looking at the worksheets on the screen. There is a separate file with the answers that you can look at after to mark your work.

Again, for children who are struggling with this, you should follow the **year 1 Summer Term week 2 lessons** if you feel that they have not grasped fractions or are finding the Year 2 lessons too challenging.



Daily Times tables maths task:

Times tables and division facts: **(2s,5s,10s,3's). If you follow this link** <u>https://www.topmarks.co.uk/maths-games/5-7-years/times-tables</u>, you will find a lot of different games to play (in addition to Hit the Button) to help with times tables.

If you can't access the internet, practise writing your tables in your blue book. Try the division facts too (so $2 \times 2 = 4$ $4 \div 2 = 2$) and also write them in any order.

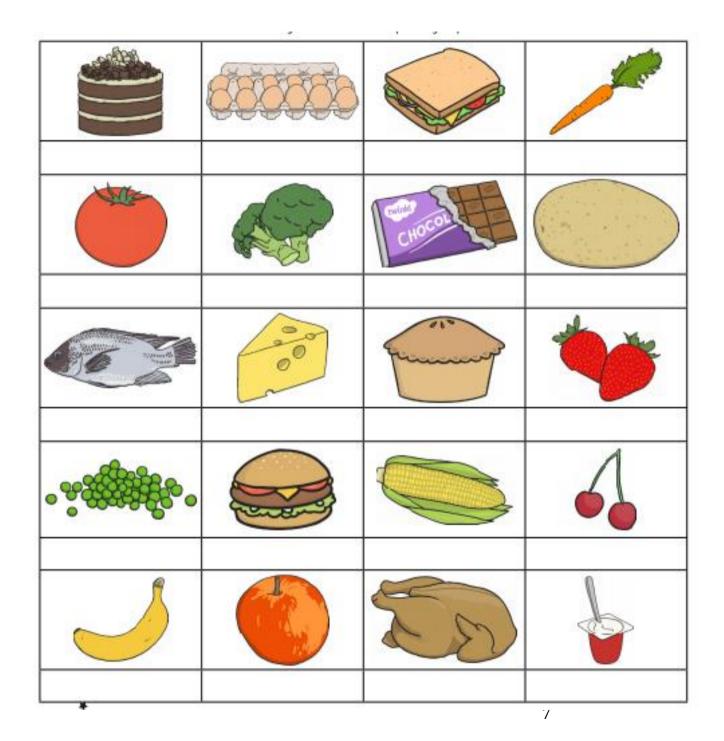
Daily Number bonds task:

On pages 26, 27 and 28 of this document, you will see you daily number bonds to 10, 20 and 100. Aim to answer as many questions a day as quickly as you can.

There is a **Daily 10**. If you choose Level 1, Addition, there are opportunities to practise number bonds – you need to write down you answers. You can choose how much time you have to answer and the answers are revealed at the end. Use this website for lots of other fluency activities too.

Other Areas of the Curriculum

	Areus of the curricu	1
Purple Mash:	PE:	History:
https://www.purplemash.com/ login/ Log onto <u>Purple Mash</u> using	 Joe Wicks Daily workout Monday – Friday @9am - <u>https://www.youtube.com/u</u> <u>ser/thebodycoach1</u> 	Learn about the life and achievements of Emmeline Pankhurst.
your login from your home learning packs to access a range of different activities. There are lots of different activities on there for you to complete.	 Go Noodle <u>https://www.youtube.com/u</u> <u>ser/GoNoodleGames</u> Cosmic Yoga <u>https://www.youtube.com/u</u> <u>ser/CosmicKidsYoga</u> 	Click on this link to learn about Emmeline Pankhurst <u>https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/</u> <u>articles/zmjpscw</u> Can you write some different facts that you have learnt about her?
		There is even an online quiz for you to complete (Activity 3)
Science:	Handwriting:	Music:
<u>Plants that we eat</u> . See pages 8 and 9 for this week's science.	Use the sheet on page 9 to practise cursive (joined) handwriting and pages 10, 11, 12 and 13 for non-cursive (if	Learn about rhythm by clapping and using your body. All sorts of noises can be made from your own body.
Use these websites to help https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/ clips/zfjd7ty	your child struggles with handwriting). <u>Click here</u> for the <u>guide for</u> <u>parents</u> on how the formation	You will love trying out these different noises and rhythms. The whole family can join in! Why not send us a video of
<u>https://www.dkfindout.com/uk/ animals-and-</u> <u>nature/plants/plants-as-food/</u>	is taught too.	your music making fun? Click on this link to watch some videos and to see some different activities that you can complete <u>https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/</u> <u>articles/zjcwqp3</u>
Grammar Hammer:	Design Technology: Food and	Comprehension:
This is the same set of questions as last week for children to have a go at on their own . Stage 2 is on page 18 (answers	Nutrition. Can you design and make your own healthy meal?	On pages 14, 15, 16 and 17 there are some 60 second read activities about healthy living.
on p19) Stage 1 is on page 20 (answers on p 21) .	Remember what you have learnt last week about a varied and balanced diet.	Ask your child to read the text, then they can have a go at answering the questions in blue books.
The answer sheets are also attached.	You could even have a go at writing your own set of instructions on how to make it.	Make sure your answers are in full sentences!

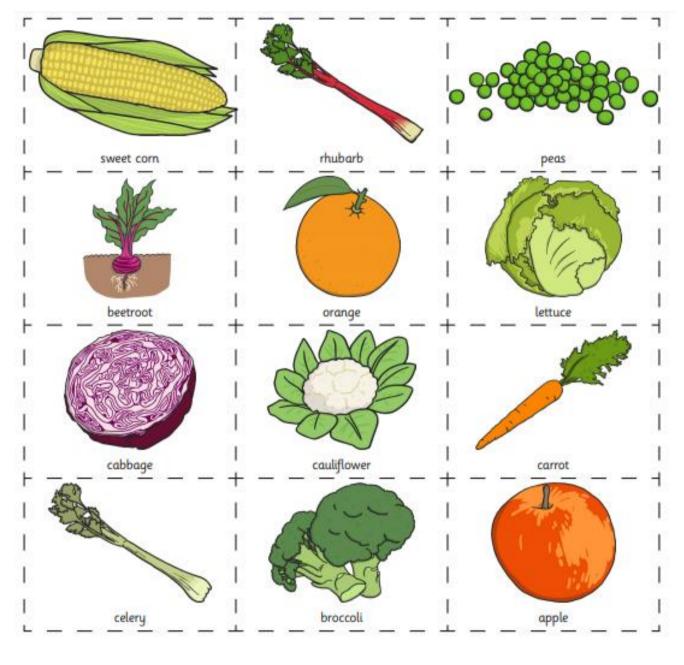


Science: Plants that we eat.

TASK 1: Have a look at the different foods in these pictures. Which foods are part of a plant?

TASK 2:

Which foods here contain parts of a plant in the food – here's a clue – break contains flour. Where do we get flour from?



Science: Plants that we eat.

Task 3: Can you create your own table with the headers: roots, stems, leaves, flowers, fruits, seeds.

Roots	Stems	Leaves	Flowers	Fruits	Seeds

Can you sort these into the group that shows the part of the plant that they come from? Try drawing your own pictures. Can you add your own?

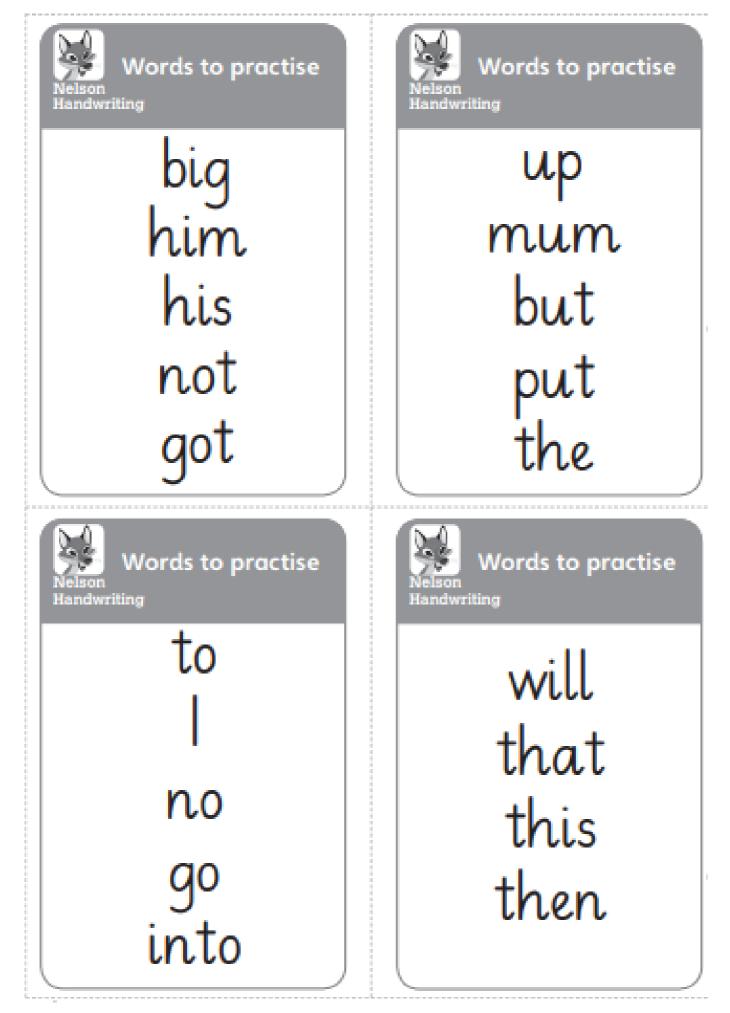
Handwriting:

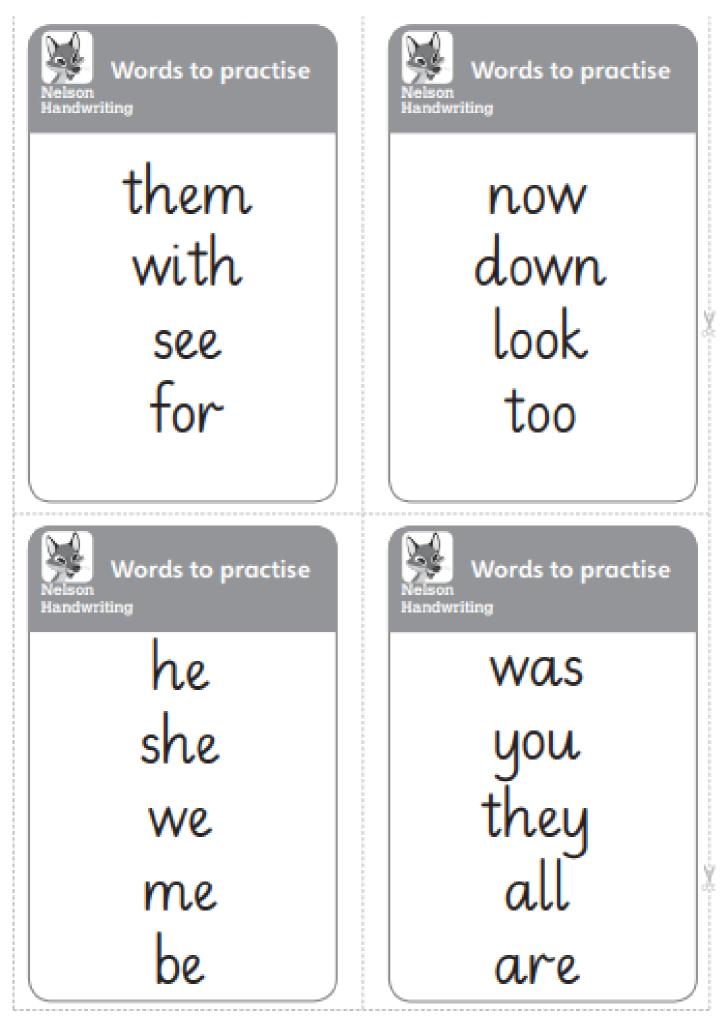
Continue to practise your letter formation, size of letters and capital letters. Your capital letters should reach the top of the line and lower case letters are half the size of capital letters. Sit them all on the line.

a Bb Cc Dd Ee Ff Gg Hh Kk Ll Mm Nn Oo Pp Qc Th Un V Sr. х Ул JZ

This is non- cursive writing to practise. If your child struggles with hand-writing, they should be using a hand writing style that is not joined. There is a guide for parents available on the website which will help guide you to help your child with letter formation.

Words to practise Nelson Handwriting	Words to practise
a	if
an	in
as	is
at	it
Words to practise	Words to practise
of	can
off	dad
on	had
get	back
J J J	and







Words to practise Handwriting my just help her went said iťs have from like children Words to practise Words to practise son Handwriting Handwriting **SO** little do one some when come out were what there

A Postcard from Mo Farah

2 Hello Dad,

11 I'm writing to you from my running camp in Africa. We have been training hard and working 19 up a real sweat. It is important that we work 29 hard to keep fit so that we can be the best in 42 50 the race; that includes making sure that we are 58 eating healthy foods to keep our bodies strong. 67 For breakfast today, I had a bowl of porridge with a banana on top. For lunch, I ate a jacket 78 potato with beans and a salad. For my evening 87 96 meal tonight, I'm going to be having chicken 103 with pasta and vegetables. I love eating healthy food because it keeps me fit and lets me run for 114 115 longer.





Quick Questions

1. Match the name of the meal to what Mo ate for it.

Breakfast chicken, pasta and vegetables Lunch porridge with a banana on top Evening Meal jacket potato with beans

2.Why does Mo want to be the best in the race?

3. '*...it keeps me fit*' In this sentence, what does 'fit' mean?

4. What else might Mo do to keep his body healthy?

Advice from a Dentist

10 It is very important to take good care of your
19 teeth. Strong and healthy teeth will help you to
29 chew and eat the right foods that will help you
38 to grow big and strong. Healthy teeth help you
42 to speak clearly, too.

52 After you eat, germs can stick to your teeth and 59 make something called plaque. Plaque can cause 70 holes to form in your teeth if it is not brushed 77 away regularly. Plaque can also make your 86 gums red and sore. If your gums are not 95 healthy, your teeth may start to wobble or fall 105 out. Make sure that you brush your teeth at least 114 twice per day to keep your mouth clean and 115 fresh.



Quick Questions

1. What can plaque do to your teeth?

2. Which two adjectives has the author used to describe how plaque can make your gums?



3. What might you find difficult if your gums are not healthy?



4. Number these sentences from 1 to 3 to show the order they appear in the text.
☐ Healthy teeth help you to speak clearly.

- Plaque can make your gums red and sore.
- Brush your teeth at least twice per day.

Doctor's Orders

11 Mum: How did you go on at the doctors, Sammy? What14 did they say?

24 Sammy: Well, it wasn't good news. The doctor says that
37 I need to get healthier or I will be poorly. I don't do
45 enough exercise and I'm not eating healthy food.

56 Mum: I thought you were quite healthy. You eat lots of62 different things and you play outside.

76 Sammy: I know but it is not enough. I need to eat at least
85 five pieces of colourful, juicy fruit and tasty vegetables
96 every single day. I need to get at least thirty minutes
106 of tiring exercise every single day that makes my heart
112 beat faster and makes me sweaty.

120 Mum: Let's make more healthy choices together, Sammy.



Quick Questions

1. What does Sammy say will happen if she doesn't become healthier?

2. Did Mum know that Sammy was unhealthy? How do you know?



3. What might Sammy and Mum do to get healthier?



4. Which two adjectives does the author use to describe fruit?

Recipe for a Healthy Fruit Salad

You will need:

- one juicy, red apple
- three plump strawberries
- 10 a handful of grapes
- 14 one ripe banana
- 17 any other fruit that you enjoy eating
- 24 one cup of fresh, sweet orange juice
- 31 a large, plastic bowl
- 35 a sharp knife for an adult to use
- 43 α spoon
- 45 What to do:
- 48 1) Before you start, make sure that you wash
 56 your hands.

- 68 2) With help from a grown-up, cut up your fruit
 71 into small pieces.
- 80 3) Put the little chunks of fruit into a bowl.
- 90 4) Pour the orange juice over the fruit until it is
- 92 all covered.
- 8 5) Mix the fruit salad and enjoy!



Quick Questions



 Number these instructions from 1 to 3 to show the order they must happen in.
 Wash your hands.
 Eat the fruit salad.
 Put the fruit into a bowl.



2. Which two adjectives has the author used to describe the orange juice?



3. Why does the author say to cut up the fruit 'with help from a grown-up'?



4. How many strawberries do you need for the recipe?

1 and 2. Fill in the	1 and 2. Fill in the boxes to show the words in full and their contracted form. Remember the apostrophe if needed.									
Words in fi	ıll	1.	Contraction		2. Words in full		Contraction			
he is	he is							they v	would	
3. Underline the co	orrect word	to use in ti	his sentence.		4. Underline the correct word to use in this sentence.				entence.	
l need	I need (sum /some) pencils.					hey g	got (th	ere / t	their)	coats?
5. Underline the suffix that turns this adjective into an adverb .					6. Underline th meaning.	ne pref i	ix to give	this wor	d the op	posite
quiet		ent	ly		dis		u	n		kind
7. Underline the we	ord with th	e correct sj	pelling.		8. Underline t	he wor	d with th	e correc	t spellir	ıg.
simble	sirr	ibol	symb	ol	walk		wa	ark		wolk
9. Write the comp	arative for	the adject	t ive below.		10. Write the	superl	lative for	the adj	ective k	pelow.
rough					smo	ooth				
11. Underline any l	letters whic	h should b	e in capitals .		12. Underline	any le	tters whic	ch shoul	d be in d	capitals.
can i	i go to sa	arah's h	ouse?		londo	n and	d paris	are co	apital	cities.
13. Put the missing commas (,) in this sentence.										
	I need to pack my goggles trunks towel and hairbrush.									
14. Punctuate the	end of this	sentence.			15. Underline the type of sentence it is.					
Put	the boxe	es over t	there		statement	qu	estion	exclar	nation	command
16. Underline any i	nouns in th	is sentence	2.		17. Underline	any ve	e rbs in th	is sentei	nce.	
The boy	turned o	on the c	omputer.		The lady walked her dog.					
18. Underline any o	adjectives	in this sent	tence.		19. Underline the adjectives in this expanded noun phrase .				ed noun	
The lone	ely man s	sat on tl	he bench.		the rusty, old bicycle					
20 and 21. Add a s	uffix to the	verb to ch	ange it from	past to p	present tense.					
l look e d	d	l am	look		I sho	out ed		l an	n shou	ıt
22. Underline the v	vord which	will make	this sentence	correct.						
If I don'	't hurry,	Ι	(is ,	/ was ,	/ will be)			late fo	or sch	ool.
23. Co-ordination:	Underline t	the best co	nnective to jo	in these	sentences.	I				
I gave her s	ome sw	eets.	(a	nd / o	r/but)		Sh	e didn	't like	them.
24. Subordination:	Underline	the best co	nnective to jo	oin these	sentences.	ı				
I am going	to bed n	ow.	(so th	at / if	/ because)		l'm noi	t tired	in the	e morning.
25. Underline any	words whic	h can join	with the word	d given t	o make a comp	ound	word.			
sun		ŀ	nat		dog		cream			shine
Total:		R	ed (0 – 9)		Yellow (10 -	19)	Gr	een (2	20 – 25)

'Grammar Hammer'

Skill Check 6 ANSWER SHEET

1 and 2. Fill in the b	1 and 2. Fill in the boxes to show the words in full and their contracted form. Remember the apostrophe if needed.						
Words in full		1.	Contraction	2. Words in f	full	(Contraction
he is					th	ey would	
3. Underline the cor	nis sentence.	4. Underline the co	rrect word	' to use in t	his sentence.		
I need (sum / some) pencils.				Have they got (there / their) coats?			
5. Underline the suffix that turns this adjective into an adverb .			6. Underline the prefix to give this word the opposite meaning.			he opposite	
quiet	m	ent	ly	dis	u	n	kind
7. Underline the wo	rd with th	e correct sp	pelling.	8. Underline the word with the correct spelling.			
simble	sin	nbol	symbol	walk wark wo			wolk
9. Write the compa	rative for	the adject	ive below.	10. Write the supe	r lative for	the adjec	t ive below.
rough				smooth			

11. Underline any letters whic	h should be in capitals .	12. Underline any letters which should be in capitals.		
can i go to sc	arah's house?	london and paris	are capital cities.	
13. Put the missing commas (,) in this sentence.			

I need to pack my goggles trunks towel and hairbrush.

14. Punctuate the end of this sentence.	15. Underline the type of sentence it is.			
Put the boxes over there	statement	question	exclamation	command

16. Underline any nouns in th	nis sentence.	17. Underline any verbs in this sentence.		
The boy turned	on the computer.	The lady walked her dog.		
18. Underline any adjectives	in this sentence.	19. Underline the adjectives in this expanded noun phrase .		
The lonely man	sat on the bench.	the rusty, old bicycle		
20 and 21. Add a suffix to the	e verb to change it from past to	present tense.		
l look ed	I am look	l shout ed	I am shout	

22. Underline the word which will make this sentence correct.									
lf I don't	hurry,	1	(is / was / will b				late for school.		
23. Co-ordination: U	Inderline t	he best co	nnective to jo	in these	sentences.				
I gave her some sweets. (and / or / but)				She didn't like them.					
24. Subordination: Underline the best connective to join these sentences.									
I am going to bed now. (so th		that / if / because))	I'm not tired in the morning		in the morning.		
25. Underline any words which can join with the word given to make a compound word .									
sun		ŀ	hat d		dog		cream		shine
Total:		R	Red (0 – 9) Yellow (10 –		- 19)	Gr	een (20 – 25)		

'Grammar Hammer'

Skill Check 6

Name:		Class	5:		Date:	
1. Write in the missing day	of the week.	1				
	Tuesday	We	Wednesday		7	Thursday
2. Underline the correct wo	rd to use in this sentence .	3. Underl	ine the o	correct w	ord to us	e in this sentence .
ו do not eat (ו	The boat was out at (sea / see).				sea / see).	
4. Write the plural of this s	5. Write t	he plur	al of this	singular	noun.	
one top	two	a rash		many		
6. Underline the word which	h means the same as the wor	d given in l	bold.			
undone	heavy	tall		open		
7. Underline the correct wo	rd missing from this sentence	e.				
l love	pictures.	paint er pair		nt ed	paint ing	
8 and 9. Add ' er ' or ' est ' to complete the sentences.						
Mum's is slow.	Dad's is even slow	Mine is slo		N	of all.	
			•			

10. Circle the word with the correct spelling.			11. Circle the word with the correct spelling.			
name	naym	naim	sleap	slepe	sleep	
12. Circle the word with the correct spelling.			13. Circle the word with the correct spelling.			
sno	snoe	snow	bloo	blue	bloe	

14. Underline the letter which does not belong to this 'letter family'.						
С	е	а	0	т	d	

15. Underline the best connective to join	n these sentences					
You can hold the baby.	(and ,	′but)	Be very careful.			
16. Underline the best connective to join these sentences.						
l put on my coat.	(and /	′but)	I went outside.			
17 and 18. Put a full stop (.), question mark (?) or exclamation mark (!) to punctuate these sentences .						
How old are you		I am 6 years old				
19. Underline any letters which should	be in capitals .	20. Underline any letters which should be in capitals .				
i am friends with paul a	ind lily	when are you going to france?				

	Total:		Red (0 - 7)	Yellow (8 - 15)	Green (16 - 20)
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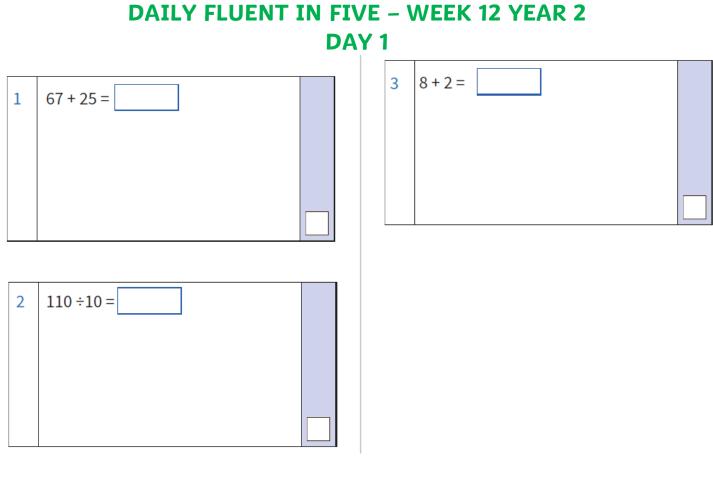
'Grammar Hammer' Skill Check 6 ANSWERS

Stage 1	'Grammar Hammer' Skill Check 6 ANSWERS				
1. (W1:3) Visual check on spelling	g the day in bold.	I			
<u>Monday</u>	Tuesday	Wednesday		7	Thursday
2-3. (W1:4, Sp 1:12, 1:16, 2:18, 3: (read, stream, dream)	19) When two vowels go out walkin	ng the first one does th	e talking, so	'ea' can m	ake a long 'e' sound
I do not eat (meet / <u>meat</u>).	The boat	was ou	ıt at (<u>s</u>	sea / see).
4. (W1:5, Sp 1:27) For most noun make the plural.	s (naming words): just add 's' to	5. (W1:5, Sp 1:27) N the plural to make a			und 'sh' : add 'es' for ke it easier to say.
one top	two top <u>s</u>	a rash		many rash <u>es</u>	
6. (W1:6, Sp 1:30) The prefix 'un'	means 'not' or 'opposite'. When ad	ded it gives the word t	he opposite i	meaning.	
undone	heavy	tall		<u>open</u>	
7. (W1:7, Sp 1:28) For most verbs	s (doing words): just add 'ing' for th	e present tense (am do	ing).		1
I love	pictures.	painter	r painted		<u>painting</u>
8-9. (W1:7, Sp 1:29) The suffix 'er more things).	' forms the comparative (comparin	ng 2 things). The suffix	'est' forms ti	he superlati	ive (comparing 3 or
Mum's is slow.	Dad's is even	slow <u>er</u> . Mine		is slow <u>est</u> of all.	
10 (W1.0 Cr. 1.11 1.17) Maria (11 (W1.0 Cm 1.12 1			

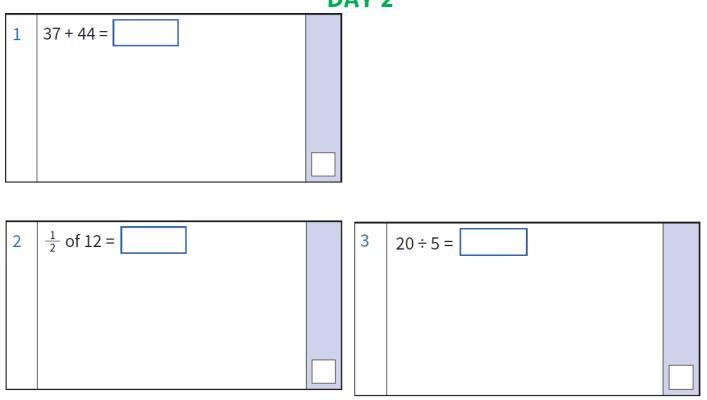
10. (W1:8, Sp 1:11, 1:17) Magic (or silent) 'e' makes the vowel 'a' say its name (long 'a' sound) e.g. mad-made, hat-hate.			11. (W1:8, Sp 1:12, 1:18) Double 'e' gives the long " sound (sleep, deep, keep)			
name	naym	naim	sleap	slepe	sleep	
12. (W1:8, Sp 0:13, 1:14, 1:18, 1:21) 'ow' together at the end of a word make the long 'o' sound (grow, slow, throw)			13. (W1:8. Sp 1:15, 1:16) When two vowels go out walking the first one does the talking, so 'ue' can make the long 'u' sound (blue, true)			
sno	snoe	snow	bloo	blue	bloe	

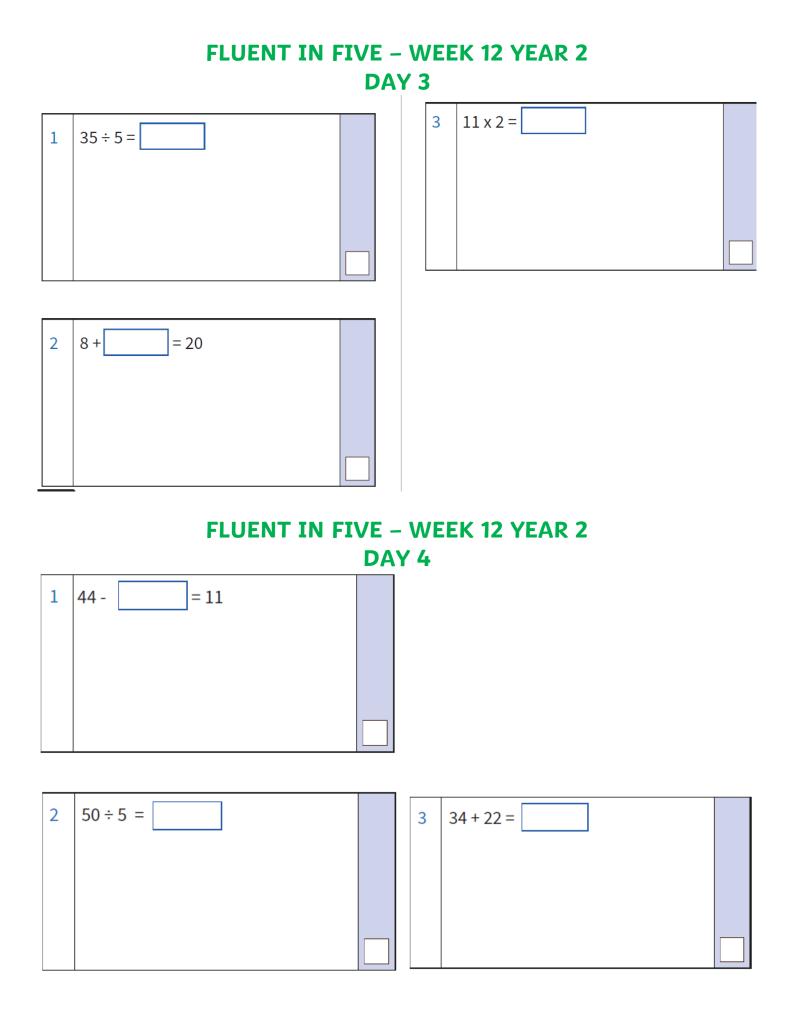
14. (W1:13) Letters formed in similar ways are called 'families'. There are 'long ladders' (down and off: i, j, l, t, u, y), 'one armed robots' (down and retrace up: b, h, k, m, n, p, r), 'curly caterpillars' (anti-clockwise curl: c, a, d, e, f, g, o, q, s) and 'zig zag' (v, w, x, z).					
С	е	а	0	<u>m</u>	d

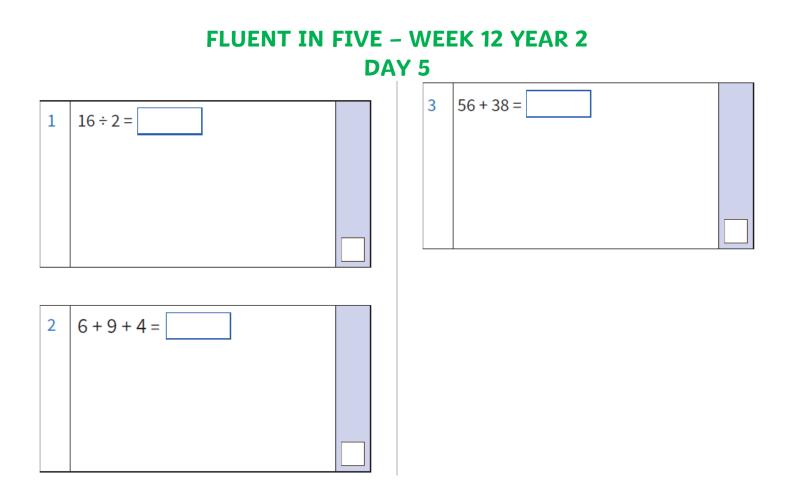
15. (W1:20) Coordinating conjunctions join two independent (or equal) clauses or sentences to make a compound sentence.						
You can hold the baby	(and / <u>but</u>)		be very careful.			
16. (W1:20) Coordinating conjunctions usu	ally occurs mid-sentence	2.				
I put on my coat	(<u>and</u> /	/but)	I went outside.			
17. (W1:21) A question mark is used at the or sentence that asks a question. It is used ir		18. (W1:21) A full stop is used at the end of a word, phrase or sentence to tell the reader to pause.				
How old are yo	u ?	I am 6 years old.				
19-20. (W1:21,22) A capital letter is used to show the start of a sentence. It must also be used for the first letter of a person's name (proper noun) and the personal pronoun 'I' meaning 'me'.						
<u>I</u> am friends with <u>P</u> aul	l and <u>L</u> ily.	<u>W</u> hen ar	e you going to <u>F</u> rance?			



FLUENT IN FIVE – WEEK 12 YEAR 2 DAY 2







FLUENT IN FIVE – WEEK 12 YEAR 2 ANSWERS

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Fluent in Five - Year 2
Week 12 - Day 1
Answer Sheet
1. 67 + 25 = 92
2. 110 ÷ 10 = 11
3. 8 + 2 = 10
Fluent in Five - Year 2
Week 12 - Day 2
Answer Sheet
1. 37 + 44 = 81
2. ½ of 12 = 6
3. 20 \div 5 = 4
Fluent in Five - Year 2
Week 12 - Day 3
Answer Sheet
1. 35 ÷ 5 = 7
2. 8 + 12 = 20
3. 11 x 2 = 22
Fluent in Five - Year 2
Week 12 - Day 4
Answer Sheet
1. 44 - 33 = 11
2. 50 \div 5 = 10
3. 34 + 22 = 56
Fluent in Five - Year 2
Week 12 - Day 5
Answer Sheet
1. 16 ÷ 2 = 8
2. 6 + 9 + 4 = 19
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3. 56 + 38 = **94**

DAILY NUMBER BONDS to 10

+ 0 = 10 (1)	1 + = 10 (11)	3 + = 10 (21)
0 + = 10 (2)	1 + = 10 (12)	6 + = 10 (22)
+ 10 = 10 ₍₃₎	+ 6 = 10 (13)	+ 8 = 10 (23)
+ 10 = 10 (4)	+ 9 = 10 ₍₁₄₎	9 + = 10 (24)
+ 1 = 10 (5)	10 + = 10 (15)	3 + = 10 (25)
4 + = 10 (6)	7 + = 10 (16)	+ 5 = 10 ₍₂₆₎
5 + = 10 (7)	2 + = 10 (17)	+ 9 = 10 (27)
+ 3 = 10 ₍₈₎	7 + = 10 (18)	+ 3 = 10 ₍₂₈₎
8 + = 10 (9)	+ 1 = 10 ₍₁₉₎	+ 5 = 10 ₍₂₉₎
+ 0 = 10 (10)	+ 9 = 10 (20)	9 + = 10 (30)

DAILY NUMBER BONDS to 20

+ 6 = 20	+ 9 = 20	16 + = 20
+ 14 = 20	8 + = 20	10 + = 20
+ 20 = 20	2 + = 20	19 + = 20
+ 3 = 20	+ 7 = 20	+ 19 = 20
+ 2 = 20	18 + = 20	+ 5 = 20
4 + = 20	3 + = 20	17 + = 20
+ 15 = 20	+ 13 = 20	7 + = 20
13 + = 20	+ 12 = 20	12 + = 20
9 + = 20	+ 17 = 20	+ 10 = 20
+ 16 = 20	20 + = 20	1 + = 20
+ 1 = 20	14 + = 20	+ 8 = 20
6 + = 20	+ 4 = 20	15 + = 20
5 + = 20	+ 18 = 20	+ 11 = 20
11 + = 20	+ 6 = 20	+ 2 = 20
+ 20 = 20	+ 8 = 20	+ 9 = 20
+ 16 = 20	18 + = 20	+ 7 = 20

DAILY NUMBER BONDS to 100

49 + = 100	22 + = 100	29 + = 100
+ 76 = 100	28 + = 100	85 + = 100
88 + = 100	+ 52 = 100	19 + = 100
+ 57 = 100	+ 69 = 100	+ 13 = 100
+ 63 = 100	9 + = 100	+ 66 = 100
+ 23 = 100	+ 78 = 100	7 + = 100
34 + = 100	23 + = 100	6 + = 100
+ 82 = 100	10 + = 100	74 + = 100
+ 96 = 100	+ 67 = 100	73 + = 100
+ 41 = 100	43 + = 100	+ 27 = 100
+ 1 = 100	46 + = 100	4 + = 100
+ 99 = 100	12 + = 100	48 + = 100
+ 9 = 100	47 + = 100	90 + = 100
+ 97 = 100	70 + = 100	+ 95 = 100
97 + = 100	+ 29 = 100	76 + = 100
81 + = 100	+ 6 = 100	+ 32 = 100